Native Cancer Wellness From Salish Cancer Center Dr. Elko Klimant, MD, ABHIM, FACP
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<u>Objectives</u>
 Recognize the unique challenges of Native cancer care. Examine the integrative model of oncology care. Recognize the benefits of combining traditional healing services in the care of Native American cancer patients. Recognize the Salish Cancer Center, the first tribally owned cancer center in the nation.

	The Native American Population
	An estimated 4.5 million people are classified as American Indian or Alaska Native 1.5 percent of the total population Over 560 Federal and 100 State-recognized tribes nationally
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	Native Cance	i iliciaelice			
	New Cancer Cases per	100,000 - Men (2011)			
Concer	American Indian Men	Non-Hispanic White Men	American Indian/Non-Hispanic White Ratio		
All Sites	393.4	518.1	0.8		
Colon and Rectum	63.3	43.4	1.5		
Lung	52.3	63.5	0.8		
Pancreas	17.4	14.4	1.2		
Prostate	63.9	134.0	0.5		
Stomach	20.0	8.4	2.4		
New Cancer Cases per 100,000 – Women (2011)					
Concer	American Indian Women	Non-Hispanic White Women	American Indian/Non-Hispanic White Ratio		
All Sites	359.1	433.5	0.8		
Breast	104.0	137.0	0.8		
Cervical	9.5	6.5	1.5		
Colon and Rectum	45.7	34.2	1.3		
Lung	41.5	50.2	0.8		
Pancreas (2010)	12.9	11.0	1.2		
Slomach (2010)	13.0	3.6	3.6		

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CancerSites	AI/AN MIR (95% CI)	White MIR (95% CI)	AI/AN:White Ratio
All cancers	0.49 (0.48, 0.50)	0.39 (0.39, 0.39)	1.26
Bladder	0.24 (0.20, 0.27)	0.20 (0.20, 0.20)	1.19
Breast (female)	0.22 (0.21, 0.24)	0.18 (0.18, 0.19)	1.22
Cervical (female)	0.38 (0.33, 0.44)	0.28 (0.27, 0.29)	1.36
Colorectal	0.42 (0.40, 0.44)	0.36 (0.36, 0.36)	1.16
Hodgkin disease	0.21 (0.14, 0.30)	0.15 (0.14, 0.15)	1.40
Kidney and renal pelvis	0.35 (0.32, 0.38)	0.30 (0.29, 0.30)	1.18
Leukemia	0.60 (0.55, 0.67)	0.58 (0.57, 0.58)	1.05
Liver/intrahepatic bile duct	0.91 (0.83, 0.99)	0.91 (0.90, 0.93)	1.00
Lung and bronchus	0.83 (0.80, 0.86)	0.77 (0.77, 0.78)	1.07
/ Ovary (female)	0.68 (0.61, 0.77)	0.66 (0.65, 0.67)	1.03
/ Pancreas	0.96 (0.88, 1.05)	0.95 (0.94, 0.96)	1.02
Prostate (male)	0.23 (0.21, 0.25)	0.17 (0.17, 0.17)	1.40
Stomach	0.70 (0.64, 0.78)	0.56 (0.55, 0.57)	1.27
Uterus (female)	0.18 (0.16, 0.21)	0.16 (0.16, 0.16)	1.14

Cancer Care in Native Population Lower overall incidence but higher overall cancer mortality Cultural barriers to prevention and care Community and system level barriers to care

	The Future of Native Cancer Care
	 Improved prevention, screening → Decrease Incidence Improved cancer care → Decrease mortality Respect for the culture of native cancer patients Whole person approach: Body, Mind, and Spirit I.e. "A Integrative approach"
	The best way to predict the future is to create it.

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	What is Integrative medicine?
	MIND BODY SPIRIT
	The practice of medicine that reaffirms the importance of the relationship between practitioner and patient, focuses on the whole person, is informed by evidence, and makes use of all appropriate therapeutic approaches, feathcare professionals and disciplines to achieve optimal health and healing.
	The Consortium of Academic Health Centers for Integrative Medicine (CAHCIM)

Integrative Oncology Care Model

- Medical Oncology
- Lifestyle counseling: Diet and Exercise education
- Naturopathy
- Native plant medicine
- Chinese Medicine
- Acupuncture
- Spiritual support
- Other evidenced based complementary or alternative therapies: biofeedback, massage, music therapy, art therapy, etc.



Native Healing in the Integrative Model of Care • Unique treatment goals in the Native American Population: 1) Overcoming negative patient experiences and gaining trust 2)Overcoming historical trauma related to health care and boarding schools

Integrative Oncology Care By optimizing supportive care during treatment beyond: 1) Enhance quality of life 2) Decrease treatment associated side effects (i.e chemotherapy toxicity) 1) Promote wellness and optimized survivorship 2) And potentially even enhance response to therapy

Salish Cancer Center: Addressing the Unique Needs of Native Americans Philosophy: To blend medical ancology with evidenced-based integrative therapies to treat the whole person — mind, body, and spirit, This unique approach is recognized as "Integrative Oncology". I team: 2 medical ancologists, 1 nuse practitioner, 1 naturopathic ancologist, 1 Chinese medical doctor and acupuncturist, and highly respected experienced native healers. Services: State-of-the-ort medical ancology including 23 chair infusion center combined with: naturopathic care, acupuncture, moxibustion, cupping. Chinese medicine, essential oil therapy, vitamin infusions, native healing, and survivarish pare planning. Pallents: Native and Non-Native with all cancer types with exception of acute leukemia.



Native traditional healers from various tribes throughout the US At Salish Cancer Center, All patients are given an opportunity to supplement their healing process through services offered by our Native American Traditional Healers



	Salish Cancer Center Our Initiatives
	■ 1) Patient Care Excellence
	Developing community partners and optimizing the patient care experience.
	State of the art EHR
	2) Survivorship
	Program development with a native focus
	 focus on continuum of care for the cancer patient starting with diagnosis and beyond
	3) Research
\ \ \ /	Develop community partners and research network
	Major areas of focus Salish CANCER CENTER The Popular Black Hangardan Approach to Handay

	Salish Initiative : Patient Care Excellence
	Evidence-based standard of care Oncology with adherence to guidelines eg NCCN and ASCO guidelines Optimized supportive care with an integrative approach
	New Electronic Health Record: high level documentation to capture outcomes, and show the value of care
	 Develop Collaboration with Community partners such as the Franciscans, Multicare, and Group Health
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Salish Initiative Survivorship : Current and Projected Cancer Survivors in US
■ 14 million survivors (as of January 1, 2012) ■ 18 million survivors (as of January 1, 2022)
(Siegel et al., CA Cancer J Clin 2012)

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	Survivorship: Definition
	Who: Anyone who has been diagnosed with cancer
	When: From the time of diagnosis through the rest of their lives
	How: Survivors embrace their lives beyond their illness
	Who else: Family members, friends, and caregivers are also impacted by the survivorship experience
\mathbb{N}	Covers the physical, psychosocial, and economic issues of cancer, from diagnosis until the end of life
\mathbb{N}	Includes issues related to the ability to get health care and follow-up treatment, late effects of treatment, second cancers, and quality of life
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4 Major Areas of Cancer Survivorship Surveillance, screening and prevention of recurrence and new cancers Identification and management of late and long-term effects Recommendation and promotion of improvements of modifiable health behaviors Coordination of care (provider-provider and patient-provider) to ensure that patient health needs are met





Salish Initiative : Research
4 main areas : medical oncology, integrative medicine, cannabis, and Native American Participate in community based research networks Program development in the 4 major areas

Research

- <u>Current Collaboration</u> with Bastyr/Mayo Clinic/Arizona State University
- -The Canadian/US Integrative Oncology Study (The CUSIOS study)
- -Clinical Trial of Yoga in Myeloproliferative Neoplasms
- -Clinical Trial of Tai Chi in Multiple Myeloma during Autologous SC Transplant
- W To advance integrative medicine and build evidence-base for integrative therapies
- 2) Develop research questions and collaborative partners with native focus
- 3) Build research infrastructure: research nurse, statistical support, etc
- -if interested in collaborating on native specific or integrative research email krisstina.gowin@salishcancercenter.com







Conclusions:

- ► Native cancer specific mortality is high
- Native cancer patients have many unique needs and risk factors
- The Integrative model of care offers a whole person system of healing that may address the unique needs of native cancer patients
- Salish Cancer Center is the first tribally owned integrative cancer clinic in the U.S. offering high level evidence-based medicine in combination with integrative services such as native healing.





